# Suggested Weekly Activities Timetable – week commencing Monday 25<sup>th</sup> January 2021

Afternoon	Activity	Learning Intention/Outcome	Resources	Link
Monday P.E.	Joe Wicks work out video	Tone up, stretch out and feel great		Joe Wicks The Body Coach TV - YouTube
French	Learning French adjectives	1 Play the clip 2 Listen and repeat the sound clips and words in the list with speaker symbol in orange 3 Test children by playing sound clips of French words without them being able to see the answers		French Adjectives - KS2 French - BBC Bitesize - BBC Bitesize
Tuesday P.E. PSHE	Dance / Games	I can draw a poster to help me manage my feelings and emotions.	PSHE PowerPoint	
Wednesday Humanities	Interactive World geography game 1 Look at rivers to start — play rivers game (first blue link 2 Explain rivers flow to the seas and oceans — play oceans game	I can name and locate rivers of the world	River maps - North America Year 5 South America Year 6 World Year 5 and 6	Rivers Rivers of the World Quiz - World Geography Games (world-geography- games.com)  Oceans Oceans Game: World Geography Games (world- geography-games.com)

Thursday	Australian Indigenous Art			View Artlandish Gallery
Art	(Captain Cook)			Finest Aboriginal Art Online
	1 Read information below			by Leading Indigenous Artists
	this grid aloud with class			(aboriginal-art-australia.com)
	2 Show PowerPoint with			
	aboriginal artwork and			
	symbols			
	3 Load Artlandish Gallery link			
	to view artwork, scroll down			
	link page to learn some			
	background to indigenous			
	art from Australia			
Friday	To test various materials,	Learning intention: I can	Material properties and	Video lesson to be uploaded
Science Year 5	then sort and compare them	compare materials according	definitions worksheet	to Year 5 page
	according to their properties.	to their properties.	Testing properties	
			worksheet	
			(To be uploaded to the Year	
			5 page)	
			Various objects to test -	
			man-made and synthetic	
			(paper clip, wooden spoon,	
			paper, plastic ruler, stone)	
Science Year 6	To investigate forces at work		PDF	
	Design a plane that can carry	overcome forces	High_In_the_clouds_	
	a weight the furthest		Activity.pdf	
			<b>&gt;</b>	
			High_in_the_clouds_F	
			act_Sheet.pdf	

To find out about the history of flight and early visionary engineers	I can discuss the contribution to flight made by scientist and artist Leonardo Da Vinci	Leonardo_da_Vinci_A ctivity_Sheet.pdf	
		Leonardo_Da_Vinci_F act_Sheet (1).pdf	

## Aboriginal Art

Does anyone know what Aboriginal Art is?

Do you know who or where the Aboriginals live?

Aboriginal people live in Australia. They have been living in Australia for over 40,000 years. This makes them one of the oldest cultures in the world.

Aboriginal people who live in the Central Desert region get all their food from the land they live in. They eat seeds, fruit, vegetables, reptiles and insects.

Aboriginals move around a lot. People that move around and do not settle in one place are called nomads.

Australian Aboriginals spoke different languages, but had the same religious beliefs that focused on the natural environment around them.

Traditionally, they have a map of their landscape that is passed on to each new generation verbally through their Dreamtime stories.

Dreamtime stories tell of when the world was created and their art shows these stories through secret symbols.

Aboriginals do not have a written language like we do, so their art stands for a written language. They have layers of hidden meanings.

Their paintings are used for teaching and there are different ones for children or adults.

Aboriginal artists are not allowed to painting a story that does not belong to them.

Aboriginal art comes in three regional styles:

- 1- geometrical style found in central Australia; circles, arcs and dots
- 2-simple figurative style found in Queensland
- 3-complex figurative style found in Arnhem land and Kimberley which includes X-ray art.

Some Aboriginal paintings on rock surfaces are probably the earliest discovered in the world. Some are negative prints made by spraying pigment over ones hand to leave the shape of it. Some are animals or plants. Some of the paintings of fish, show what it looks like on the outside but also what it looks like on the inside - now called x-ray art.

Painting was also done on baskets, shields and boomerangs. They even painted designs on themselves for special occasions.

Painting these designs was a way of life and very important in their communities and brought them all together.

What stories can you tell from your art using Colour, Pattern and Symbols?

What is a symbol? A symbol is a picture or object that represents something else. For example if you were in a restaurant and you saw a door with a small picture of a lady or man on it, what do you think it means?

A picture tells 1000 words. What does yours say?

### Art activities:

Creating your own Aboriginal art works.

Perhaps you can use this activity as a cross-curricular lesson of English and Art.

Give them print outs of the two sheets of Aboriginal symbols. Ask them to pretend they are living thousands of years ago and get them to make with the symbols a piece of art work they will pass down to their ancestors. To make it less complicated get them to pick out 3 symbols that will use to create their storyline and art work. Show them some of the Aboriginal art work to help inspire them.

-On one sheet, get them to draw out the three symbols they have chosen. Now create patterns from those symbols. On the back of your art work, once it is dry, write down your story explaining what your art work shows.

Another cross-curricular idea is with Geography or biology. If you have a trip to the zoo or a forest, get them to create a story focused on animals, or things they saw in the forest. Get them to think about the colours that they saw on these trips and use those colours in their work. Maybe they want to bring back some leaves they found to incorporate into their work. If there are animals without Aboriginal symbols, get them to design their own symbols. Did they see animal tracks on their trip? Did they look different to kangeroo tracks? What did they look like?

## Display purposes:

If you have in mind that you want to make a big display with their art work, get them to include at the end of each sheet tracks, or river symbols so that you can connect all their work into one long map, journey and story on the wall.

#### OR

A really cool display would be to make each child do their art work on brown paper to emulate Aboriginal art on bark. To display get the children to collect one of two small branches/twigs (about the size of their art work). Making little holes in the art work, put string through and tie the wood to it and then with the sting make a hanging bit so that it looks like this -